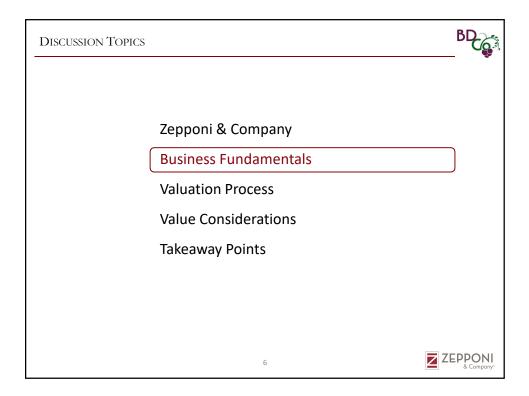


DISCUSSION TOPICS		BD
	Zepponi & Company	
	Business Fundamentals	
	Valuation Process	
	Value Considerations	
	Takeaway Points	
	2	ZEPPONI & Company*

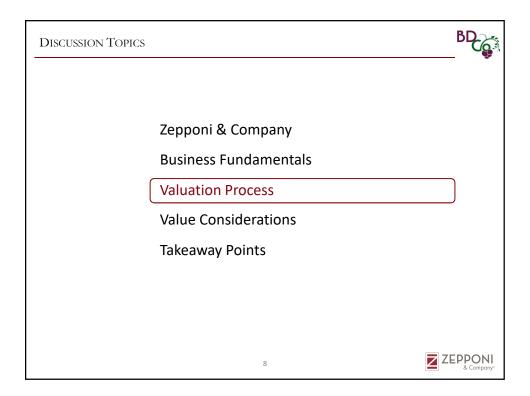
ZEPPONI & C	OMPANY – OVERVIEW
Industry Expertise	 Global beverage alcohol merger and acquisition advisory firm Pre-transaction valuation and strategic advisory services
Transaction and Advisory Services	 Industry specialists in transactions involving: Wine, beer and spirits brands Distribution companies Agricultural and production assets Strategic business and succession planning advisory services
Transaction Objectives	 Understand client's motivations, goals and expectations Evaluate and define strategic options to maximize value of assets Creativity in negotiating and structuring transactions
	3 ZEPPONI & Company

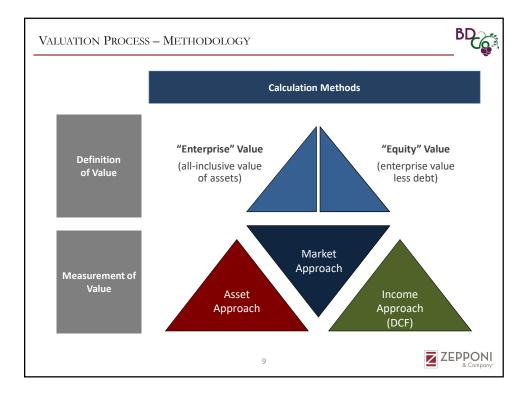
Zepponi & Com	pany has been the most active	M&A advisor in the win	e industry	
Date	Client	Asset Type	Representation	Acquirer/Target
October 2018	Vita Hills	Vineyards & Winery	Sell Side	COPPOLA
August 2018	T DUCK POND	Brand & Winery	Sell Side	The Great Oregon Wine Compan
August 2018	Beso Del Sol SANGRIA	Brand	Sell Side	THE WINE GROUP
July 2018	OUTPOST	Brand	Sell Side	AXA MILLÉSIMES
July 2018		Distribution Company	Sell Side	WILSON DANIELS
May 2018	Rancho Real Vineyard	Vineyard	Sell Side	뻀 E&J. Gallo Winery
April 2018	Acrobat	Brand	Sell Side	FOLEY FAMILY WINES
February 2018	Cross Canyon Vineyard	Vineyard	Sell Side	Hancock Natural Resource Group*
November 2017	SIMCO Soda Rock Vineyard	Vineyard	Sell Side	PAUL HOBBS WINERY
April 2017	Stagecoach Vineyard	Vineyards	Sell Side	😻 E§J. Gallo Winery
April 2017	BREAD & BUTTER	Brand	Sell Side	WX
April 2017	SILVER OAK	Geyserville Winery Facility	Sell Side	MICHAEL DAVID
June 2016	ORIN SWIFT	Brand	Sell Side	👹 E&J. Gallo Winery
April 2016	R penner-Ash	Brand & Winery	Sell Side	Jukan
April 2016	PATZ & HALL	Brand & Winery	Sell Side	Chateau ^{Ste} Michelle,
August 2015	Constellation Brands	Brand	Buy Side	MEIOMI
August 2015	SIDURI	Brand	Sell Side	Jule
May 2014	KENWOOD	Integrated Winery	Sell Side	ZePernod Ricard

ZEPPONI & C	OMPANY – M&A DRIVERS
Current market envi	ronment remains favorable to sellers of strong brands and desirable winery assets
Premiumization	 Constellation, Gallo, and The Wine Group shifting to higher priced brands Acquisitions by large wine companies primarily at >\$20 retail price points Emphasis on migrating existing grape sourcing to higher priced brands
Access to Market	 Distributor and retailer consolidation favors large strategic producers Simplicity in # of SKUs and branding strategy required to navigate changing environment
Portfolio Diversification	 Large wine companies broadening portfolio and investing in other beverage alcohol categories Constellation is prime example of aggressive push into other beverage alcohol categories
Vertical Integration	 Large wineries seek control of production assets to reach and maintain profitability of brands Gallo acquisitions positioning itself for long-term growth in Napa Valley
	5 ZEPPON



Business Fundamenta	ALS	BD
Brand Identity	Core retail price-pointsVarietal emphasisOrigin of sourcing	
Route to Market	 Three-tier wholesale distribution Direct to retail/trade Direct-to-consumer (DTC) 	
Sourcing and Production Capacity	 Sufficient supply to scale brand Stable long-term cost structure Consistency in quality Tradeoff between asset efficiency vs. vertical integration 	
Quality of Management	Committed professional managementProficiency at directing and execution	
Economics	 Adequate gross margins given sourcing and sales channel mix Appropriate operating and financial leverage 	
	7	ZEPPONI & Company*





VALUATION PROCESS	Asset Approach BDC
Description	Summation of value of each individual asset
	 Used to value wineries that lack sufficient cash flow or earnings
Strengths	 Appropriate for valuing asset intensive business (investment or real estate holding company)
and Benefits	 Value lies more in underlying assets than in income generated by assets
Weaknesses	 Does not capture value of intangible assets for strong cash flow business with minimal hard assets
and Shortfalls	 Approach often used to define low-end or "floor" of valuation range

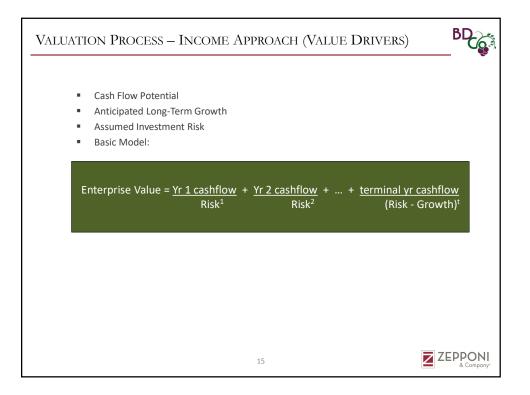
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and				
Assets		Acres	Value \$ / Unit	Total \$ Value
Estate Home (and related Building Site)		2	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 2,000,000
Vineyard		15	\$ 300,000	4,500,000
Plantable Acres		5	\$ 200,000	1,000,000
Ancillary (Non-Plantable) Land		30	\$ 10,000	300,000
	Subtotal	52		\$ 7,800,000
mprovements				
Assets		Sq. Ft.	Value \$ / Unit	Total \$ Value
Residence		2,000	\$ 500	\$ 1,000,000
Winery Building		6,000	\$ 300	1,800,000
Other Site Improvements			\$ 500,000	500,000
	Subtotal	8,000		\$ 3,300,000
quipment, Inventory				
Assets			Value \$ / Unit	Total \$ Value
Equipment			\$ 400,000	\$ 400,000
Inventory			\$ 3,000,000	3,000,000
Trademarks & Miscellaneous			\$ 100,000	100,000
	Subtotal			\$ 3,500,000
otal Value of Assets				
otal - Land, Improvements, Equipment and Inv	rentory			\$ 14,600,000

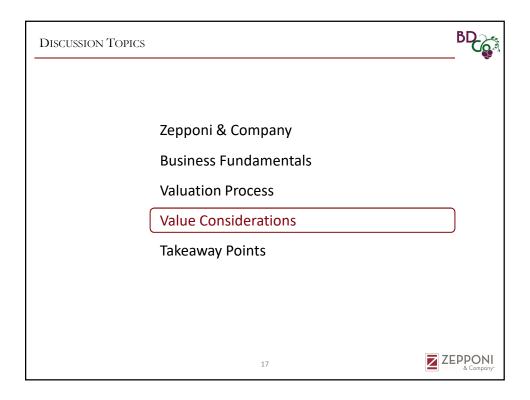
Description	 Value based on market prices of comparable private transactions or guideline public companies
Description	 Reflects what strategic acquirer may be willing to pay for business
Strengths and Benefits	Provides market-based value reflective of actual transactions Reflects supply and demand for saleable businesses
Weaknesses	Rarely are past transactions truly comparable Publicly available data for private transactions can be limited or
and Shortfalls	Volatile market conditions make application of this methodology more difficult

VALUATION PROCESS – MARKET APPROACH	(Example)
	v
Revenue Based	l Valuation
(\$ in thousands)	
	LOW HIGH
Revenue (Net)	\$ 8,000 \$ 8,000
Transaction Multiple	2.0 2.5
Indicated Enterprise Value	16,000 20,000
Less: Debt	(3,000) (3,000)
Indicated Equity Value	\$ 13,000 \$ 17,000
(5 in thousands)	Valuation
(3 in crousurius)	LOW HIGH
EBITDA (Adjusted)	\$ 1,800 \$ 1,800
Transaction Multiple	10.0 12.0
Indicated Enterprise Value	18,000 21,600
Less: Debt	(3,000) (3,000)
Indicated Equity Value	\$ 15,000 \$ 18,600
EBITDA = Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Deprecia	ntion, and Amortization
13	

VALUATION PROCESS – E	NCOME APPROACH
Description	 Present value of projected cash flows (earnings) of business assets
Description	 Reflects current value of future cash flows to a prospective buyer
Strengths	 Takes into consideration future earnings growth of business assets
and Benefits	 Flexibility to perform scenario analysis by adjusting projections and changing assumptions
Weaknesses	 Relies on management growth projections
and Shortfalls	 Highly sensitive to changes in assumptions (cost of capital, projected growth rates, terminal value, etc.)
	14 ZEPPONI & Company'

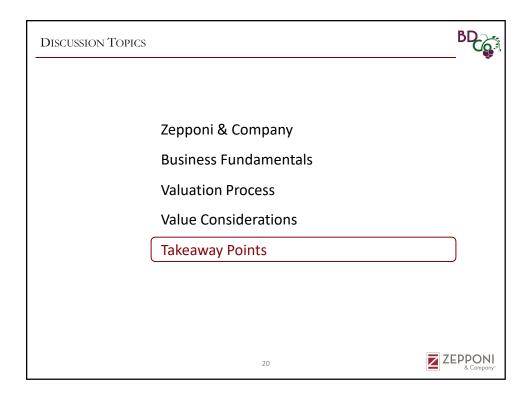


la serve An	D	isounted Casl					
(\$ in thousands)	proacn - D	isounted Casi	n Flow Metho	a			
Years ending December 31,		Year 0	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Adjusted EBIT			\$1,600	\$1,920	\$2,304	\$2,765	\$3,318
Less: Income Tax	21%		(336)	(403)	(484)	(581)	(697)
Adjusted EBIT After Tax			\$1,264	\$1,517	\$1,820	\$2,184	\$2,621
Plus: Depreciation and Amortization			200	210	221	232	243
Less: Incremental "debt-free" working capital needs			(90)	(95)	(99)	(104)	(109)
Less: Incremental capital expenditure needs			(210)	(221)	(232)	(243)	(255)
After-tax Net Cash Flow to Invested Capital			\$1,164	\$1,412	\$1,710	\$2,068	\$2,499
Value Calculation:							
Present value of future cash flow using a discount rate of:	15.0%	\$5,629					
Year 5 Terminal value using a capitalization rate of:	12.0%						- 21,454
Present value of terminal value using a discount rate of:	15.0%	10,666 •	<				
Indicated Enterprise Value		\$16,295					
Less: Debt		(3,000)					
Indicated Equity Value		\$13,295					
Enterprise Value Sensitivity Analysis:					Long-T 2.5%	erm Growth 3.0%	Rate 3.5%
				16.0%			
			Discount	15.0%	14,500	14,900	15,300
			Rate		15,800	16,300	16,800
				14.0%	17,400	17,900	18,600



Value Considera	TIONS – ADJUSTMENTS TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	BD
"Net" Revenue	 Account for DA's, discounts, etc. Awareness of pricing strategy Pricing relative to peer group 	
Excess and Non-Operating Assets	 Non-winery related revenue and assets Lifestyle toys (<i>e.g.</i>, jets, luxury cars) Income streams from custom crush business and private labels may be valued differently 	
Extraordinary and Owner Discretionary Expenses	 Non-recurring material expenses Disguised lifestyle expenses "Add-backs" must be credible 	
Normalizing Adjustments	 GAAP basis financial statements Excess or nonexistent owners/executive compensation Related party transactions Depreciation method and life of assets LIFO vs. FIFO for inventory costing 	
	18	EPPONI & Company*

VALUE CONSIDERATIONS – QUALI	TATIVE ITEMS	BD		
Positive Impact Negative Imp				
 Brand fills "gap" in market "Gap" = retail \$, varietal or geography Specialized sales channel 	Identity	 Too many SKUs creates identity crisis Owner's personality dominates brand 		
 History of consistent growth/velocity Core SKU with high growth potential Possible line extensions (varietal, packaging, etc.) 	Growth	 Sales succumbing to "law of gravity" Distribution channels backed up Improper focus on breadth over depth Excessive discounting/ promotional activity 		
 Strong record of profitability Core "halo" SKU has pricing strength 	Profitability	 Business model must be transferable Larger buyers undervalue direct sales 		
Stable 3 to 5-year supply contractsOpportunity for volume expansion	Sourcing	 Lack of stable sourcing relationships Current cost structure not sustainable 		
Experienced executive teamCapacity to increase production	Infrastructure	Overreliance on one key personWeak asset base		
	19			



Takeaway Points - Valu	JATION	BD
Valuation process is not exact science	 Valuation approaches vary by situation Use caution when extrapolating trends and growth rates Market and Income Approaches usually result in higher valuation 	ns
Financial reporting and proper documentation	 Important to maintain accurate, timely financial and managemereporting systems Ensure agreements are property documented and retained 	nt
Strong correlation between brand identity and value	 Strong brand identity key to marketability Concentrate on niches and categories or varietals Avoid overreliance on winemaker/ owner 	
Focus on growth and profitability	 High growth brands always attract interest Exception: brands with poor gross margins Bias against ability to fix negative growth brands 	
Appropriate asset base	 Commercial, wholesale-focused brands = assets less important Luxury, DTC-focused brands = assets more important 	
	21	EPPONI & Company*

TAKEAWAY POIN	ITS – SALE PREPARATION	BD
Careful planning and pr	eparation required prior to initiating a sale process	
Understand Value	 Perform preliminary valuation of business Evaluate strategic options for growth and succession Assess tax implications of a sale 	
Retain Experienced Transaction Professionals	 Experienced transaction attorney Accountant/tax advisor Compliance and permit consultants, as necessary 	
Clean Up Financial Information	 Prepare audited or reviewed financial statements, as necessary Review and restate financial information Create credible 3 to 5-year financial forecast 	
Review IP and Permits	 Review IP, contracts and leases Verify terms of operating permits and licenses Ensure assignability of IP, contracts, leases, permits and licenses 	
Identify and Resolve or Disclose Open Issues	 Resolve open business and miscellaneous issues Disclose potential liabilities and unresolved issues 	
	22	

TAKEAWAY POINTS – ESTATE TAX PLANNING		
Old Law	 2018 decedent would have excluded \$5.6 million \$11.2 million for a married couple 	or
Effective in 2018	 2018 decedent able to exclude \$11.18 million or \$22.36 million for a married couple 	
Portability Rules	 Surviving spouse gets unused exemption Elect with the Estate Tax return of the first deceded 	ent
	23	EPPONI & Company



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